

Arrowwood Viburnum-This wetland shrub has made it's way into the nursery trade with many cultivars available. The natural shape is a rounded, spreading "muffin". Flat-topped creamy flowers in spring become loads of shiny, almost iridescent fruits. Grows 8-10' tall. Thrushes, Kingbirds, and other summer songbirds eat the fruit. Adaptable to all soils.

Bayberry-One of the rare shrubs in Michigan with very few colonies. Fragrant foliage and berries used for candle making. Glossy leaves are elliptical in shape and create dense canopy with only occasional pruning needed. Makes a wonderful replacement to boxwood as it is semi-evergreen and holds leaves most of winter. Adored by warblers, thrushes. Can reach a height of up to 15 feet and spread up to 10 feet.





Black Chokeberry-White, spring flowers give way to blue-\(\Boxed{D}\)black fruit in autumn. Orange-maroon fall color. Fruit persists through winter. Full sun, and moist conditions preferred, but will adapt to drier soils. 4-6'. A versatile hedge or great for mass planting. Fruit is edible and used with other berries for juices and jams. Protect from deer until established.

Bladdernut-This shade, understory shrub has fragrant, white bell shaped flowers in spring. Prefers moist sites and can handle full sun too when not allowed to dry out. Seed capsules are neat and bladder shaped. Fall color is orange or red. Grows to 15' feet and 20' wide. Valuable early pollinator shrub, blooms April/May.





Chokecherry-This is a perfect four season tree. White flowers in spring become black fruits in summer. Leaves change to orange in fall. Bark is flaky shades of grey and brown that stand out well in winter. Used by Native Americans for food and medicine. Host plant for 100's of butterfly/moth species! 25-35' tall by 15-25' wide.

Dwarf Hackberry-Rare in Michigan. Only a couple colonies are known to exist, including the colony that has the state champion. Grows to 30' tall in full sun. Produces edible orange/brown fruit that tastes like a date or raisin. Migratory birds are attracted to the fruit. Dry to medium moisture soils, tolerates drought. Sunny yellow fall color. Has a "warty" bark.





Elderberry-A fast growing shrub with creamy white, fragrant, flat-topped flowers (10'). Drooping purple fruit clusters follow. This is a medicinal shrub used for immune support when cooked into syrups. Grows in full sun to part shade in moist conditions but is also drought tolerant and not picky about location. Hedges, screens, medicinal uses, specimen.

Flowering Dogwood-Partial shade is best for this tree but it will tolerate full sun. It does best with some shade in the south and full sun in the north. The flowering dogwood is a Michigan native species with a deep red fall foliage. They prefer moist, well-drained soil, and a soil pH range of 5.6-6.5 and may grow to heights of 15-25 feet, with a spread of around 15-20 feet.





Fragrant Sumac-No this is not a scary shrub like the Staghorn Sumac can be in the wild. This low grower stays under 6 feet but spreads up to 10'. Shiny, trifoliate leaves turn orange, red, and purple in fall. Fruit clusters are red, small, and ripen in summer. Great for lining driveways. Helps in erosion control in slopes. Does well in all soils in full-part sun.

Hazelnut-A four season shrub. Winter catkins dangle under a spreading vase shaped architecture until spring when they fatten and turn bright green. Ovate leaves are soft and turn orange, red, and burgundy in fall. Edible nuts for humans and wildlife. Full sun, dry to moist conditions. Grows 12 to 16 feet tall and wide. Can be used to attract deer to hunting sites. *Male and female plants needed for nuts.





Hoptree-An unusual specimen tree for any yard. Yellow spring flowers become dramatic clusters of hanging "hops". Fall and Winter interest. Yellow fall color. Only grows 12-20' and 6-10' wide. Grows well in all soil types, prefers part sun, but can handle full sun. Prefers to lean in the wild, ensure support to keep straight in first few years.

Ninebark-This cousin to Spiraea flowers in the same manner with white clusters all along the tops of stems on an arching and outward spreading shrub. Reaches 9 feet tall and wide. Seed capsules are pink/red. Not known for fall color, occasionally is yellow to bronze/coppery. Grows in dry to moist sites. Powdery Mildew resistance is best in dry, sun.





Northern Catalpa-An unforgettable tree in the area! Large white panicles of flowers become very long, thin seed pods that dangle all winter. Leaves are heart shaped and turn yellow in fall. 40-70' in full sun. A great specimen tree, though can be messy with spent flowers, twigs, and seed pods. Site accordingly. Adaptable to all soil types and conditions.

Pagoda Dogwood-A tree native to moist woodlands. Grows 25-30' tall and wide. Horizontal branching creates layers like a pagoda. Flat-topped white flowers in spring become purple/black fruits. Fall color is red to burgundy. A great small tree as a specimen in the yard. Will grow in full sun to shade. Protect from deer until established. Zen gardens, specimen.





Red Cedar-This evergreen grows locally in all habitats from wet to dry. Tolerates light shade. Separate male and female trees needed for cone production. Female trees produce small blue cones used for flavoring gin. This is the perfect screening/privacy tree. Nesting sites for birds and winter protection. Grows 40-50' tall, 8-20' wide.

Redbud-Pink-purple flowers on naked twigs appear in April/May. Heart-shaped leaves turn yellow in fall. Seed pods look like dried snap peas all winter. A valuable pollinator tree and even Hummingbirds visit flowers! Grows in shade or sun to 30' tall and wide. Perfect for naturalizing woodlands, or as a small specimen yard tree.





Shagbark Hickory-If you stumble upon this in the wild, you will know. The bark is long, wide, vertical peels. Rough texture is softened by compound leaves that turn golden in autumn. Edible fruit for humans and wildlife. Can be used to attract deer to hunting sites once mature. Grows in full sun in dry-medium soils. 60-80'. Shade tree, wildlife tree.

Silky Dogwood-A shrub for part sun-full sun locations. White flowers become shiny, blue fruits. Provides red stems in winter as well as dark red fall color. Not tempermental about soil type or moisture. Works as a great informal hedge. Reaches 10 feet tall and wide, sometimes suckers into colonies.





Spicebush-Starts with small yellow flowers on naked stems in late winter/early spring. Then the elliptical leaves emerge. This is a shrub for part sun-shade. It will grow in full sun if in a moist location. Separate male and female plants are needed for fruit production. Fruit is shiny red, under lemony fall color and attracts migratory birds. This bush has equal height and width between 8 to 12 feet.

Swamp Rose-Don't let the name leave you running from this shrub. This wetland rose grows well in regular garden soil in full sun. Makes a great screen or privacy hedge. Can be used to keep deer out of certain places. Small pink flowers become large orange/red rosehips in fall and to top it off, orange fall color! 6-8' tall, spreads by suckers.





Sycamore-A fast growing tree in dry-moist sites. Grows to 100'. It is all about the bark with this tree! Grey, green, white, and brown flaking camouflage. Grows in full sun-part shade. Great tree for hollowed out nesting sites for woodpeckers and other cavity nesters. Small globular fruits can be messy along with twigs and large leaves, site accordingly.



Pre-orders Due: 9/27/24



*Some popular shrubs & trees will be available for purchase the day of pick-up.

Pick-up Date: Saturday, October 5th between 8:30a-12:30pm

Pick-up Location: 2412 Taft Road, Allegan

ONLINE STORE: AlleganCD.org

Order via email: Allegan.Admin@macd.org

Order via mail: Allegan Conservation District, 1668 Lincoln Rd, Allegan, MI 49010

Questions: (269) 941-6165



Allegan Conservation District does not guarantee survival rate of any species after pick-up, and is not able to provide returns. All sales are final. Shipping is not available. It is unlawful for trees and plants to be resold with roots attached. Plants and Insect Disease Act P.A. 189

